The CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup is an in vitro screening test for the rapid detection of multiple drugs in human urine at or above the following cutoff concentration:

- **THC** 11-nor-Δ9-Tetrahydrocannabinol-9-carboxylic acid 50 ng/ml
- **COC** Benzoylecgonine 150 ng/ml
- **OPI** Morphine 300 ng/ml
- **MET** d-Methamphetamine 500 ng/ml
- **AMP** d-Amphetamine 500 ng/ml
- **BZO** Oxazepam 300 ng/ml
- **BAR** Secobarbital 300 ng/ml
- **MTD** Methadone 300 ng/ml
- **BUPG** Buprenorphine Glucuronide 10 ng/ml
- **TCA** Nortriptyline 1000 ng/ml
- **MDMA** 3,4-Methylenedioxymethamphetamine 500 ng/ml
- **OXY** Oxycodone 100 ng/ml
- **PCP** Phencyclidine 25 ng/ml
- **PPX** Propoxyphene 300 ng/ml

These tests provide visual qualitative results and are intended for in vitro diagnostic use only. The CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup is available in double drug analyte cassette dip format. It is intended for prescription point-of-care use and over-the-counter consumer use.

These tests provide only a preliminary test result and are the first step in a two-step process for detecting drugs of abuse in urine. The second step is confirming the results in a certified laboratory. For a quantitative result or to confirm preliminary positive results obtained by the CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup, a more specific alternative method such as Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) must be used. Clinical consideration and professional judgment must be applied to any drug of abuse test result, particularly when a preliminary positive result is indicated.

This is a preliminary screening test that detects drug-of-abuse in urine at specified detection levels. To confirm preliminary positive results, a more specific method such as Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) must be used.

### CONTENTS OF KIT

**For Testing:**
- 1 Step-by-Step Test Instructions
- 25 Individually Wrapped Test Lids
- 25 Specimen Cups
CLIAwaived™ Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup
Step-by-Step Instructions

**Items for Confirmation Testing (Optional items for professional point-of-care use):**

- 1 Specimen Bag
- 2 Identification Labels
- 1 Mailing Label

**STORAGE**

Store the CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup at room temperature 59°F to 86°F (15°C to 30°C).

**INSTRUCTION**

**Step 1.**
Collect fresh urine in the specimen cup.
Make sure the urine is above the **minimum line**.

**Step 2.**
Twist the lid onto the cup.
The cup lid must be closed tightly.

**Step 3.**
Tilt the cup on its side to activate the test. **Read test results at 5 minutes. Do not read after 8 minutes.**
**INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS**

Each strip contains two drug tests. C region shows validity of a test result. T1 region shows result for Test 1. T2 region shows result for Test 2.

**For C region:**
The appearance of a line indicates a valid result. No line means an **Invalid** result. If a test strip does not have a line in the C region, test results are **Invalid** for both T1 and T2 on that strip.

**For T1 and T2 regions:**
The appearance of a line indicates a **Negative** result.
Note: **Any test line, even a very faint test line, is considered a negative result.**

No line indicates a **Preliminary Positive** result.
Note: **Any urine with preliminary positive results should be sent to a laboratory for confirmation.**

**Example #1:** There is a line appearing in both T1 and T2 regions on all test strips. Therefore, it is **Negative** for all tests.

**Example #2:** There is no line appearing in the T2 region on the third test strip. Therefore, it is **Preliminary Positive** for BZO test. All other tests are **Negative.**

**Example #3:** There is no line appearing in the C region on the seventh test strip. Therefore, it is **Invalid** for both PCP and PPX tests. All other tests are **Negative.**
### APPROXIMATE DRUG DETECTION TIME TABLE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Illicit Drug</th>
<th>Identifier</th>
<th>Cut-off Level</th>
<th>Minimum Detection Time</th>
<th>Maximum Detection Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Marijuana</td>
<td>THC</td>
<td>50 ng/ml</td>
<td>1-3 hours</td>
<td>1-7 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cocaine</td>
<td>COC</td>
<td>150 ng/ml</td>
<td>2-6 hours</td>
<td>2-3 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opiates</td>
<td>OPI</td>
<td>300 ng/ml</td>
<td>2-6 hours</td>
<td>1-3 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methamphetamine</td>
<td>MET</td>
<td>500 ng/ml</td>
<td>4-6 hours</td>
<td>2-3 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amphetamine</td>
<td>AMP</td>
<td>500 ng/ml</td>
<td>4-6 hours</td>
<td>2-3 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ecstasy</td>
<td>MDMA</td>
<td>500 ng/ml</td>
<td>2-7 hours</td>
<td>2-4 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phencyclidine</td>
<td>PCP</td>
<td>25 ng/ml</td>
<td>4-6 hours</td>
<td>7-14 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propoxyphene</td>
<td>PPX</td>
<td>300 ng/ml</td>
<td>2-8 hours</td>
<td>2-7 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prescription Drug</th>
<th>Identifier</th>
<th>Cut-off Level</th>
<th>Minimum Detection Time</th>
<th>Maximum Detection Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Benzodiazepines</td>
<td>BZO</td>
<td>300 ng/ml</td>
<td>2-7 hours</td>
<td>1-4 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barbiturates</td>
<td>BAR</td>
<td>300 ng/ml</td>
<td>2-4 hours</td>
<td>1-3 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methadone</td>
<td>MTD</td>
<td>300 ng/ml</td>
<td>3-8 hours</td>
<td>1-3 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buprenorphine</td>
<td>BUPG</td>
<td>10 ng/ml</td>
<td>2-7 hours</td>
<td>1-6 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tricyclic Antidepressants</td>
<td>TCA</td>
<td>1000 ng/ml</td>
<td>8-12 hours</td>
<td>2-7 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxycodone</td>
<td>OXY</td>
<td>100 ng/ml</td>
<td>1-3 hours</td>
<td>1-2 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Cut-off level is the lowest drug concentration in the urine that can be detected by the CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup.
2. Drug clearance rates are dependent on many factors such as frequency of drug use, the amount of drug taken, metabolism rates, and even body fat content.

### RECOMMENDED PROCEDURE FOR CONFIRMATION

The following is a recommended procedure for confirming preliminary positive results:

**Step 1:**
Make sure the lid is twisted tightly. Place a check mark in the box on both Identification Labels for the drug(s) with preliminary positive result. Place one Identification Label onto the CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup. Place the other Identification Label below for your record:

```
Place Identification Label Here
```

**Step 2:**
Place the labeled CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup into the Specimen Bag and seal the bag.

**Step 3:**
Place specimen into a shipping box and affix the Mailing Label. Drop the shipping box with POSTAGE into any mailbox. Specimen should be mailed within 24 hours of collection.

**NOTE:** Please call 1-888-882-7739 M-F 8am-4pm Pacific Time to request additional Identification Labels and Mailing Labels if needed.
OBTAIN CONFIRMATION RESULTS

- Results will be ready 5 to 7 days after the sample is received in our laboratory.
- Dial 1-888-882-7739 M-F 8am-4pm Pacific Time to obtain confirmation result.
- You will need the identification number to access the confirmation result.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- For in vitro diagnostic use only (not for internal use).
- The test is for one time use only. It is not reusable.
- Do not use the CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup after the expiration date printed on the pouch.
- Keep the CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup in its original sealed pouch until ready for use. Do not use the test if the pouch is ripped or torn.
- Certain foods or medications may cause the test to give false results.
- Contaminated or tainted urine sample may give false results.
- Send specimen with preliminary positive or uncertain results to a laboratory for confirmation.
- Urine may contain infectious diseases. Always wear gloves and wash hands with soap after handling.
- Do not use this test if you are color-blind.

UNDERSTAND THE TEST RESULTS & FOLLOW UP

What is a Preliminary Positive Result?
The CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup is a screening test to detect the presence of drugs in human urine. This means that if a drug is present, you will usually get a preliminary positive test result. It is important to send out the specimen to confirm the preliminary positive result. This is because certain foods, supplements, beverages, or medicines can affect the results of the CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup.

If the test results are preliminary positive, does it mean that you found drugs of abuse?
No. Take no serious actions until you get the laboratory’s result. Many factors may cause a false positive result in the home test. A positive test for a prescription drug does not mean that a person is abusing the drug. This is because the test does not indicate acceptable levels compared to abusive levels of prescribed drugs. This test cannot be used for legal purposes. If you get a preliminary positive test result, you should send the urine to a laboratory to confirm the test result. The confirmation test is called gas chromatography/mass spectrometry or GC/MS.

Many things can affect the accuracy of the tests, including (but not limited to):
- The way you did the test.
- The way you stored the test or urine.
- What the person ate or drank before taking the test.
- Any other prescription or over-the-counter drugs the person may have taken before the test.

Note: Some over-the-counter medications will produce the same test results as illegally-abused amphetamines. Please call 1-888-882-7739 for a complete list of substances or over-the-counter medications which may cross-react with this test.

Where can I get some help?
Consult with a counselor, doctor, or a qualified professional to help you address drug abuse problems. The following organizations provide helpful resources on drug abuse prevention and recovery programs. These resources are for information purposes only.

Alcohol and Drug Information http://store.samhsa.gov/home
Community Anti-Drug Coalitions of America http://www.cadca.org
National Institute on Drug Abuse www.drugabuse.gov

QUESTIONS?
Call 1-888-882-7739 M-F 8am-4pm Pacific Time
QUALITY CONTROL

Internal control: The CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup test device has built-in internal procedural controls. The appearance of the control band ® is considered an internal procedural control. This band should always appear if adequate sample volume is used and the testing procedure is followed. Additionally, the background color should become clear and provide distinct test result. If the control band ® does not appear then the test is invalid. The test should be repeated using a new device.

External control: It is recommended that negative and positive urine controls be used to initially test each new lot of product to ensure proper kit performance. The same assay procedure should be followed with external control materials as with a urine specimen. If external controls do not produce the expected results, do not run test specimens. Follow the proper federal, state and local guidelines when running external controls.

Quality control testing at regular intervals is a good laboratory practice and may be required by federal, state or local guidelines. Always check with the appropriate licensing or accrediting bodies to ensure that the quality program employed meets the established standards.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

PRECISION

A study was conducted at two laboratory and one physician offices in an effort to determine the precision of CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup over 12 or more consecutive days. Testing was conducted on the Amphetamine, Barbiturates, Benzodiazepines, Buprenorphine, Cocaine, Marijuana, Methamphetamine, Methylene dioxyxymethamphetamine, Methadone, Opiates, Oxycodone, Phencyclidine, Propoxyphene, and Tricyclic Antidepressants assays by operators using three different lots of product to demonstrate the within-run, between-run and between-operator precision. An identical panel of coded samples, containing drugs at the concentration of ± 50% cut-off level was labeled as a blind and tested at each site. The correlation with expected results was >99% across all lots and sites (with a 95% confidence interval).

ACCURACY

The accuracy of the CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup was evaluated in comparison to the results from GC/MS or LC/MS analysis. Thirty-six (36) negative drug-free urine samples were collected from volunteer donors and tested with both the CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup and the GC/MS or LC/MS method. Of the 36 negative urine samples tested, all were found negative by both methods. Additionally, for each drug test, a minimum of 40 clinical urine samples previously analyzed by GC/MS or LC/MS method with known concentration(s) of drug(s) values were blind labeled and evaluated. The results are summarized below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Drug Test</th>
<th>GC/MS Neg.</th>
<th>GC/MS &lt; 500</th>
<th>GC/MS 500 to Cutoff</th>
<th>GC/MS &gt; 500 Cutoff</th>
<th>% Agreement w/ GC/MS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bar 300</td>
<td>Pos. (+)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>97.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Neg. (-)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>95.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MTD 300</td>
<td>Pos. (+)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Neg. (-)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>97.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BUPG 10</td>
<td>Pos. (+)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>97.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Neg. (-)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>97.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCA 1000</td>
<td>Pos. (+)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Neg. (-)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>92.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MDMA 500</td>
<td>Pos. (+)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>97.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Neg. (-)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>97.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OXY 100</td>
<td>Pos. (+)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>95.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Neg. (-)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCP 25</td>
<td>Pos. (+)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>99.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Neg. (-)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>96.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PPP 300</td>
<td>Pos. (+)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>95.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Neg. (-)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SPECIFICITY

The specificity for the CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup was determined by testing various drugs, drug metabolites, structurally related compounds, and other compounds that are likely to be present in urine. All compounds were prepared in drug-free normal human urine. The effect of specimens with various pH (4.5–9) and specific gravity (1.005–1.030) ranges was also evaluated and found not to interfere with CLIAwaived Inc. Rapid Drug Test Cup.

The following compounds produced positive results when tested at or above the concentrations listed below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AMP 500 ng/ml</th>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>ng/ml</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>d-Amphetamine</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>Phenetermine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>l-Amphetamine</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>β-Phenyethylamine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d,l-3,4-MDA</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BAR 300 ng/ml</th>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>ng/ml</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Allobarbital</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>Butalbital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alphental</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>Butethal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amyobarbital</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>Pentobarbital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aprobarbital</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>Phenobarbital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barbital</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>Secobarbital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butobarbital</td>
<td>400</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BZO 300 ng/ml</th>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>ng/ml</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A-Hydroxy Alprazolam</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Lorazeptam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alprazolam</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>Lormetazepam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bromazepam</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>Medazepam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlordiazepoxide</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>Nitrazepam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clozamol</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>Nordiazepam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clonazepam</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>Oxazepam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delorazepam</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>Phenzapine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diazepam</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>Prazeptam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estazolam</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>Temazepam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flunitrazepam</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>Triazolam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flurazepam</td>
<td>300</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BUPG 10mg/ml</th>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>ng/ml</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Buprenorphine</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>Norbuprenorphine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buprenorphine Glucuronide</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Norbuprenorphine Glucuronide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COC 150 mg/ml</td>
<td>Compound</td>
<td>ng/ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzoylcegonine</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>Ecgonine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MDMA 500 mg/ml</th>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>ng/ml</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>d,l-3,4-MDA</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>d,l-3,4-MDEA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d,l-3,4-MDEA</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>d-Methamphetamine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MDMA 500 mg/ml</th>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>ng/ml</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>d,l-3,4-MDA</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>d,l-3,4-MDEA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d,l-3,4-MDEA</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>d-Methamphetamine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Acetaminoeph
Acetone
Acetylsalicylic acid (Aspirin)
6-Acetylcodine (except OPI & OXY assay)
6-Acetylmorphine (except OPI assay)
album
allobarbital (except BAR assay)
alphenal (except BAR assay)
aprozolam (except BZO assay)
Aspartame
Atropine
Barbital (except BAR assay)
Benzoic acid
Benzylocgonine (except COC assay)
Benzphetamine
Bilirubin
Bromazepam (except BZO assay)
d-Brompheniramine
Buprenorphine (except BUPG assay)
Butabarbital (except BAR assay)
Butalbit (except BAR assay)
Caffeine
Cannabidiol (except THC assay)
Cannabiol (except THC assay)
Chlordiazepoxide (except BZO assay)
Chloroquine
d,l-Chlorpheniramine
Chlorpromazine
Cholesterol
globamin (except BZO assay)
Clomipramine (except TCA assay)
Clonazepam (except BZO assay)
Cocaine
Cocaine (except OPI & OXY assays)
Corisone
Cotinine
Creatine
Creatinine
Cyclobenzaprine (except TCA assay)
Delorazepam (except BZO assay)
Deoxyxorticosterone
Desipramine (except TCA assay)
Dextromethorphan
Diazepam (except BZO assay)
Dihydrocodeine (except OPI & OXY assay)
4-Dimethylamiinoantipyrine
Diphenhydramine
Dopamine (3-Hydroxytyramine)
Doxepin (except TCA assay)
Doxylamine (except MET assay)
Doxylamine (except TCA assay)
Ergocryptine
Ergonovine
Ergotamine
Estradiol
Estrone
Estrone-3-Sulfate
Ethanol
Ethyl Morphine (except OPI & OXY assay)
Ethyl-p-amino benzoate
2-Ethylidene-1,5-Dimethyl-1,3,3-Diphenylpyrrolidine (except MET assay)
Flunitrazepam (except BZO assay)
Flurazepam (except BZO assay)
Furosemide
Glucose
Gentioc acid
Glutethimide
Guaiacoal Glyceryl Ether
Hemoglobin
Heroin (except OPI assay)
Hipric acid
Hydrochlorothiazide
Hydrocodone (except OPI & OXY assays)
Hydromorphone (except OPI & OXY assays)
Hydroxyzine
Ibuprofen
Imipramine (except TCA assay)
d-lisoproterenol
Iodamine
Lisdacine
Lorazepam (except BZO assay)
Loratadine (except BZO assay)
Mepetid
Metaphit
Methadone (except MET assay)
Methamphetamine (except MET & MDMA assay)
Methaqualone
Methoxphenamine
Naltidic acid
Naloxone
Naproxen
Nicotinamide
Nitrazepam (except BZO assay)
Nitroguanidine
Norethindrone
Norpropoxphene (except PPX assay)
Oxalic acid
Oxazepam (except BZO assay)
Oxolinic acid
Oxycodeon (except OXY assay)
Oxyphenbutazon (except OXY assay)
Papaverine
Penicillin G (Benzy1penicillin)
Pentazocine
Pentobarbital (except BZO assay)
Perphenazine (except BZO assay)
Phenacyline (except PCP assay)
Phenacyline Morpholine (except PCP assay)
Phenanthrene (except AMP assay)
Pheny1endrine
β-Phenylethylamine (except AMP assay)
Prednisolone
Prazepam (except BZO assay)
Procaione (except MET assay)
Promazine (except TCA assay)
Promethazine
Propoxyphene (except PPX assay)
Propylthiopentone (except TCA assay)
11-0,9-THC-9-carboxylic Acid

Page 7 of 8
d-Pseudoephedrine (except THC assay)
Pyrrolidine
Quinidine
Quinine
Ranitidine
Riboflavin
Salicylic acid (except BAR assay)
Secobarbital (except BAR assay)
Serotonin
Sertraline
Sodium Chloride
Sulfamethazine
Sulindac
Temazepam (except BZO assay)
Tetracycline
Δ8-THC (except THC assay)
Δ9-THC (except THC assay)
11-nor-Δ8-THC-9-Carboxylic Acid (except THC assay)

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